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# THE JERUSALEM POST

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## Pro-Arab Clauses Deleted by Assembly

THE first, and main, half of the 17th Session of the U.N. General Assembly is slipping, not too gloriously, into history. In the shadow of ominous events and of coming storms — in Asia, Africa and Europe — the delegate were hurriedly railroading through a tired Assembly resolutions already adopted by the Committees, leaving a number of items on its heavy agenda for the second half of the Session to meet in the middle of January.

Again, as on a number of previous occasions, decisions concerning the Arab refugees were among the last to be dealt with and in spite of the ample time originally allocated to this item by the Special Political Committee, it was only the day before yesterday that the stage was reached when a vote could be taken. According to reports, the delegates well realized the main reason for being so late: the fact that so much of their time had been wasted by Mr. Ahmed Shukairy's endless perorations, repeated by practically every other Arab representative, thus leaving the rest with little time or desire to participate in a mud-slinging exercise.

Another reason for postponement of the vote until the very last moment lay in the bargaining and shoving by the Arab delegations, which did not conceal their preferences for a postponement of the decision until the second half of the session. It is not altogether clear what they hoped to achieve by this. Did they need more time to pressure those who opposed their demands? When all the details are in of the votes taken in the Committee and in the plenary meeting of the General Assembly it may then also become possible to gain a fuller understanding of the currents of thought among the members of the United Nations concerning ways to deal with the problem. But even a preliminary estimate shows the overwhelming support for a continued search for a solution through existing U.N. machinery and, indirectly, the rejection of extreme arguments of the kind voiced in the debate by the Arab delegates.

In a special interview with your correspondent prior to meeting for a long discussion with U.N. just before going to the university, Mr. Ben-Gurion said "to use an English understatement" — that he had not been disappointed at the results of the official part of his visit to the United States. Looking extremely fit after his eight days of seclusion in meditation, Mr. Ben-Gurion refused to go into details regarding the political results of his visit, but indicated that his appointment at the university would not be an empty ceremony without practical consequences.

He said it would indicate a strengthening of cultural ties between Israel and Burma. In (Continued on Page 3, Col. 2)

## Heartening Vote On 'Peace Motion'

By JESSE ZEL LURIE, Jerusalem Post Correspondent  
UNITED NATIONS. — Israel is considerably heartened by the 34 votes for the peace resolution despite strong opposition by the U.S. and the last-minute defection of Togo and the absence of Gabon, the latter two being sponsors. The 17-nation resolution calling for direct peace negotiations between Israel and the Arabs was rejected by a vote of 44 to 34 with 20 abstentions on Tuesday in the Special Political Committee.

This gives rise to the hope that in the next General Assembly the U.S. will not feel that a peace resolution will "obscure" issues. Such a resolution could then get a simple majority with the U.S. and United Kingdom, who with Italy were the only Western powers in the negative column, voting for — joined by many abstainers such as France, Sweden, Norway, Togo, Thailand.

The Assembly also deleted another provision which would have the re-constituted POC take measures for the protection of the rights property and interests of the Palestinian Arab population. Israel said this provision was a "thinly-veiled U.N. custodian proposal."

## Rangoon U. Honours B-G, On Eve of Departure for Home

By NAHUM PUNDIK, Special to The Jerusalem Post  
RANGOON. — Prime Minister Ben-Gurion received an honorary doctorate of Rangoon University in a colourful ceremony opened by Premier U Nu yesterday, on the eve of his departure for home today following a visit of two-and-a-half weeks.

In a special interview with your correspondent prior to meeting for a long discussion with U.N. just before going to the university, Mr. Ben-Gurion said "to use an English understatement" — that he had not been disappointed at the results of the official part of his visit to the United States. Looking extremely fit after his eight days of seclusion in meditation, Mr. Ben-Gurion refused to go into details regarding the political results of his visit, but indicated that his appointment at the university would not be an empty ceremony without practical consequences.

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## Israel Agricultural Experts to Burma

POST BUREAU CORRESPONDENT  
RANGOON. — Israel will send a team of experts to Burma in the near future to help Burma develop its dry zones for agricultural and settlement purposes.

This will be the main item of general interest in the joint statement to be issued by Premier U Nu and Premier Ben-Gurion before the latter's departure from Rangoon late this afternoon according to well-informed sources. The team will consist of irrigation experts, agronomists and land surveyors who will remain in Burma for a two-year period. The despatch of the team will be a gift from Israel to Burma and all expenses will be borne by the Israeli Government.

BREAK WITH TIRANA  
BUDAPEST (AFP). — Hungary has expelled the Albanian Ambassador and recalled its own Ambassador from Tirana, the Hungarian news agency MTI reports.

## 19 Killed As Heavy Quake Hits Colombia

BOGOTA, Colombia (AP). — At least 19 persons were killed and scores were injured yesterday in an earthquake that shook a wide area of Colombia. Official reports said the heaviest toll was at Sonson, in the state of Antioquia, where nine were killed and 50 injured. Reports from the city said a section of Sonson Cathedral collapsed during a mass Government troops and medical teams were sent to the city.

The quake caused a panic in this capital, but the hardest hit areas were outside Bogota. The cities of Armenia and Pereira in the western state of Caldas also were hit hard. The quake cut communications to a large section of Caldas Department, especially the northern area, which appeared to have experienced the epicentre of the shocks.

## MACMILLAN TO MEET JFK AS PLANNED

WEST PALM BEACH, Florida (Reuters). — The conference between President Kennedy and Prime Minister Macmillan will be held in Bermuda today as planned. It was decided here yesterday.

Mr. Macmillan, who arrived in Hamilton, Bermuda, yesterday, earlier sent the President a message saying he was agreeing to either a change of meeting place or a postponement because of the illness of Mr. Joseph Kennedy. The British Premier left up to the President to decide on any change of plan, it was stated by Mr. John Russell, British Foreign Office spokesman. The Prime Minister said he was entirely at the President's disposal, and was willing to meet him in Bermuda or at Palm Beach or Washington, and expressed personal sympathy with the President over his father's illness.

## Ghazi Named To Form Syrian Gov't

DAMASCUS (AP). — Nazim al Kudsi, Syria's newly inaugurated President, yesterday designated 64-year-old former Premier Said al Ghazi, moderate rightist veteran of Syrian politics, to form the first permanent Government of the new Syrian Republic.

## SYRIA-USSR CULTURAL ACCORD INITIALED

Syria and the Soviet Union have initialed a draft cultural treaty in Damascus, according to Damascus Radio yesterday.

## BEN-BELLA SAID BACKING AGREEMENT ON ALGERIA

PARIS (Reuters). — Persistent reports circulated here yesterday that an FLN emissary visited France last week-end and secured the approval of the captive insurgent chief, Mohammed Ben Bella, on the results of secret Franco-Algerian talks.

## Tshombe, Adoula Pledge Accord

LEOPOLDVILLE (AP). — Katanga's secessionist leader, Mr. Moise Tshombe, and the Congo Premier, Mr. Cyrille Adoula, promised last night to publish a tentative agreement on the future of Katanga, informed sources said. The terms were reported agreed upon after the two men met in a hospital room at the U.N. guarded Kitona base for secret discussions that lasted all day.

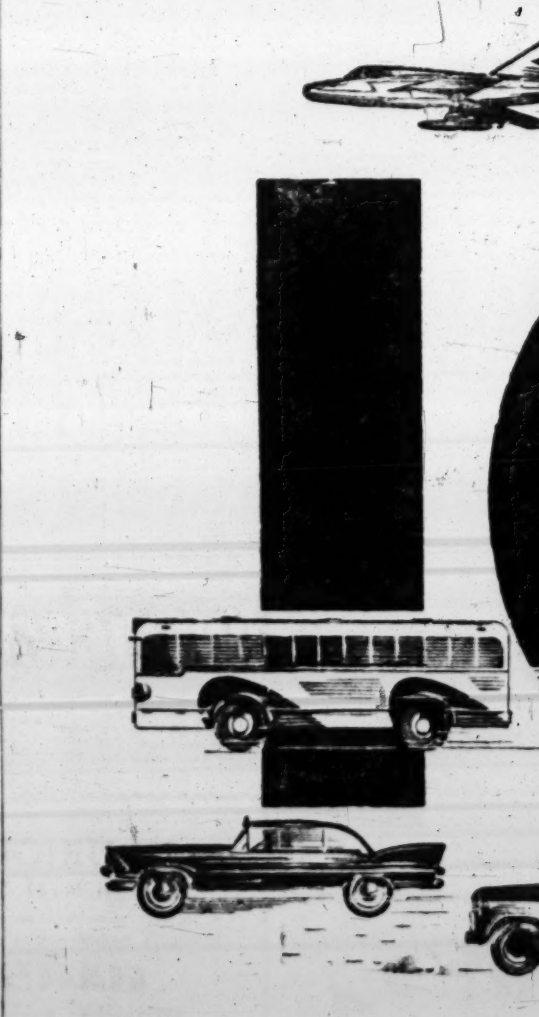
Reliable sources said the main part of the Tshombe-Adoula discussions were concluded, but there was no hint of the nature of the settlement they had agreed to publish. The talks continue today. (In Elisabethville, meanwhile, U.N. attempts to restrain their fire during the talks were seemingly foiled by continued random sniping from European residences, a U.N. spokesman said.)

## Two Former SS Men Jailed for Crimes

KARLSRUHE (Reuters). — Former S.S. Colonel Erich Ehrlinger, 50, was sentenced to 12 years hard labour here yesterday for being concerned in the murder of 1,045 persons in the Kiev area during the war. Ehrlinger, who admitted his guilt during the eight-week trial, commanded an S.S. "Operation Group."

Dr. Hans Schumacher, former S.S. Captain, was sentenced to four years hard labour for being concerned in 240 murders.

## "DELEK" — 10th Anniversary — a decade of Progress and Development



"Delek" Corporation, established ten years ago as an answer to the threat of cessation of fuel supply to Israel, is now summing up a decade of progress and development.

Fuel shortage is now a matter of the past. "Delek" fuel flows through the economy's arteries, operating electric turbines, pulsing through the jet planes' life-lines, moving agricultural implements in the fields, turning the wheels of industry and speeding cars and trucks along the highways.

"Delek" will continue to serve the public — on land, at sea and in the air.

## UK Sees Risk Ties with Cairo May Worsen

LONDON (Reuters). — Lord Dundee, Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, said last night there was a risk that the welcome improvement in Anglo-Egyptian relations in the last year or two might not be sustained unless the question of the U.A.R.'s re-sequestration measures affecting British subjects was clarified soon.

"We should regret that, but the remedy now lies firmly with the U.A.R.," he told the House of Lords.

He said that so far as those with claims for more than £25,000 were concerned, the British Government was exploring some kind of arrangement by which the blocked assets in Egypt could be utilized against the provision of sterling in Britain.

The whole position had been sharpened in the last few months by the decision of the Egyptian Government to re-sequester a considerable amount of property owned by foreigners. Something like 850 persons were involved, 47 of whom were British.

Lord Dundee said there were three categories of hardship — people whose property was permanently "Egyptianized" those whose property was sequestered but suffered damage, and those who had received property back but who had great difficulty in getting any value from it either through income or capital profit.

## MORGAN PHILLIPS DUE TO RETIRE

LONDON (AP). — The impending retirement of Morgan Phillips, General Secretary of the Labour Party for the last 17 years, was announced yesterday.

## Goa Operation Over, Indians Announce

NEW DELHI. — The battle for the Goan naval base of Marmagao, which fell Tuesday, marked the end of the Indian capture of Portugal's coastal enclaves, a Defence Ministry spokesman said yesterday.

## Rousing Welcome For Brezhnev

CALCUTTA. — President Leonid Brezhnev of the Soviet Union received a rousing reception on his arrival here yesterday from Bombay.

Mr. Brezhnev is on a state visit to India, and Soviet backing for India's action in Goa seemed to have delighted the Indian populace.

President Brezhnev, who was 55 on Tuesday, received messages of congratulations from Prime Minister Nehru and President Rajendra Prasad.

In Moscow, "Pravda" yesterday said the "shameful attacks" on India over Goa, laid bare the "unexamined and revolting hypocrisy" of the Western powers. "The hearts of the Western sisters are rent with grief at the sight of Salazar's hangmen being kicked out of Indian territory," the newspaper said.

Speaking to reporters at Cairo airport, he said India had waited for 15 years for the Portuguese to negotiate a settlement of the Goa problem, but they did not want to. India did not "commit any aggression or violate the U.N. Charter," he said. "It is a great mistake to consider it a military operation. It was just a measure to return Goa to the motherland and the matter is finished." He added that the Indians have "no hatred towards the Portuguese. We like to have friendly relations with them."



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# UN Bond Issue To Avert Bankruptcy

UNITED NATIONS (AP)—The Budgetary Committee on Tuesday night approved a 20-year U.N. bond issue for \$200 million to avert bankruptcy and ensure continuation of its peace-keeping operations.

Over strenuous Soviet objections that it was illegal, the bond issue was approved 45-11 with 21 abstentions. Twenty-four delegations were absent. Israel voted in favor.

The proposal, initiated by Acting Secretary-General U. Thant and sponsored by nine countries, had the strong backing of the U.S., which promised that President Kennedy would ask Congress for authority to buy a substantial amount of bonds.

U. Thant pleaded with the Committee several times to keep the U.N. from bankruptcy in the face of a financial crisis. He was backed by numerous delegations to pay assessments to cover the cost of operations.

The entire Soviet bloc, including the U.S.S.R., Poland, Czechoslovakia, Rumania, Bulgaria, Hungary, and Cuba, voted against the bond issue. The U.S. and its allies, including the U.K., France, West Germany, Italy, and Japan, voted in favor.

The U.S. delegate who fought for the bond issue, said that the U.S. would not support the bond issue unless the U.N. could guarantee that the bonds would be used for the purpose of maintaining peace-keeping operations.

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# \$100m. World Food Plan Approved

UNITED NATIONS (Reuters)—The General Assembly gave overwhelming approval to a \$100 million world food programme aimed at using surplus foods for the economic and social advancement of developing countries.

The Assembly agreed by 80 votes to one with nine abstentions to a draft resolution sent up from its Economic Committee approving establishment of the plan, which would be jointly controlled by the U.N. and the Food and Agricultural Organization for three years.

The plan incorporates the FAO's safeguards to protect producer countries while food exports form a vital part of their economy.

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# Nasser Again Broke Word on 'Open' Canal

NEW YORK (AP)—The "New York Herald Tribune" yesterday strongly criticized Nasser for breaking his word on opening the Suez Canal to shipping during the invasion of Goa by India.

Recalling Nasser's pledge that the U.N. the Canal "shall always be free and open, in time of war as in time of peace, to every vessel of commerce or of war, without distinction of flag," the editorial said.

"In short, Nasser still has no respect for his own pledged word," the editorial said.

Despite protestations, he aims to use his control of the Canal for political ends. By no stretch of the imagination could the battle of far-off Goa be held to affect the security of the United Arab Republic.

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# Vote on China Desire to 'Show Off' Blamed For Recent Rise in Accidents

TEL AVIV.—The desire to "show off" and imitate "heroes" of Grade B films is a not insignificant factor in road accidents in this city.

This is one of the conclusions reached by police in investigating the recent increase in accidents involving young people of every economic class.

A particular matter of concern is the number of youngsters who drive motor scooters without a license, a fact which comes to light after accidents, some of them fatal.

There are some youngsters who "borrow the vehicle" for only a few minutes "to impress their friends" in the neighborhood—or to drive a girl friend to Dizengoff Square.

Equally serious is the desire to show "guts" by stealing a motor scooter. Gangs of youngsters in various parts of the city, not particularly the poorer sections, number their friends by the number of thefts they have carried out.

The vehicle is usually abandoned in a dark alley and returned to the rightful owner the next morning. But during the past two months such thefts have had serious consequences.

Police cite the case of Yehuda, aged 17, from Bnei Brak, who borrowed a Vespa from a friend "just for a spin." Twenty minutes later, he ran over a six-year-old girl on the Giv'atayim road.

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# More UN Aid For African Education

UNITED NATIONS (Reuters)—The General Assembly unanimously adopted on Tuesday night a comprehensive resolution aimed at promoting education and economic development in Africa.

The resolution, which was adopted by 100 votes to 0, calls for increased aid and technical assistance to African countries.

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# White Man Arrested For S. African Blasts

PORT ELIZABETH (Reuters)—A white man has been arrested here in connection with a series of explosions which took place last weekend.

The man, who is a member of the National Union of South African Students, was arrested on suspicion of having planted the bombs.

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# Polish Church Ousts Bishop Who Wed

WARSAW (Reuters)—Cardinal Stefan Wyszyński, Primate of Poland, announced here yesterday that the apostate Maximilian Ruda had been expelled from the Polish Catholic clergy.

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The statement



## Today's Postbag

## The Weather

Forecast: Fair, dry inland.  
Weather Synopsis: Barometric low over central Mediterranean is moving very slowly eastward.

	A	B	C
Mt. Canaan	54	54	54
Nazareth	48	48	48
Tiberias	44	44	44
Haifa	46	46	46
Tel Aviv	52	52	52
T. A. Port	57	57	57
Jerusalem	42	42	42
Beersheba	36	36	36
Edom	30	30	30
Elot	30	30	30

At Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Yesterday's temperature range: 42-20. Today's temperature forecast: 54-30.

## ARRIVAL

Dr. Abraham Neuman, General Manager of the Industrial Development Bank, after heading a 10-man Israeli trade mission to Canada (by Airline).

SAFSA village, Upper Galilee, was connected to the national power grid yesterday.

THE TEL AVIV HOCKEY Club will commence practice at their ground in Rehovot on Saturday at 10 o'clock. Persons interested should contact Yehuda Bloom, Tel. 6424.

AN ILANSKI - POLIO branch was opened in Kiryat Gat yesterday under the joint auspices of that organization and the local Rotary Club.

THE FORTNIGHTLY supply convoy went up to Mt. Scopus yesterday, carrying a change of police guard and Hadassah and Hebrew University personnel.

## Playwright Moss Hart Dies of Stroke at 57

PALM SPRINGS, California (AP). — Playwright Moss Hart died of a heart attack yesterday at his winter home here. He was 57.

The famed theatrical writer got into his car about 7:30 a.m., slumped over and died.

Hart had had two previous heart attacks, the previous one last year.

"Camelot," the successful musical based on T.H. White's series of Arthurian legends now on Broadway, was Hart's last show in a 30-year career in the theatre.

Other shows written by Hart or in which he collaborated were "My Fair Lady," "The Man Who Came to Dinner," "I'd Rather Be Right," "Lady in the Dark."

## Lawyers Vote Today For Advocates Chamber

TEL AVIV — Over 2,000 lawyers are eligible to vote today for the first national conference of the Chamber of Advocates. Polls will be open from 8 a.m. to midnight.

Ballot booths in the cities will be at the Bar Council Offices in Jerusalem, Beit Hapraklit in Tel Aviv, and Beit Hapraklit in Haifa.

Counting of ballots will start with the close of the polling stations and will be transferred to election committee headquarters at Beit Hapraklit in Tel Aviv.

## Students' Seminar Opens in Jerusalem

The student must serve as the channel for scientific advancement in developing countries, the Minister of Education and Culture, Mr. Abba Eban, said at Beit Hillel in Jerusalem last night.

He was speaking at an international seminar on the role of the student in developing countries, an international cooperation between student organizations.

Student representatives from some 30 countries in Africa, Asia and Europe as well as delegates from New Zealand and Canada are attending the two-week seminar, organized by the National Union of Israel Students.

Mr. Eban noted that this was the first generation in which religious and cultural differences did not appear as antagonists but as partners, and the developing countries must absorb technological advances without inner hesitations.

## ILSO 'CUSTOMS ALLOWANCE'

Travellers will be allowed henceforth to take into and out of Israel local currency to a maximum of IL50. Instructions to this effect have been published in Reshumot.

The money must be in denominations of IL1 or IL5 notes, and the sum will not be entered in the traveller's passport.

It is for use of returning travellers in paying customs duty on goods they bring back.

## Quarry Cave-In Near Tiberias

TIBERIAS — Some 50,000 cubic metres of rock crashed down at a quarry south of the town during Tuesday night, burying a bulldozer and a crane and causing considerable damage to the Beirut fortress. No one was hurt.

Antiquities fans have long been warned of the danger of such a landslide, which experts attribute to fissures in the mountain, the recurrent eruptions and the rains.

## Senator Keating in Favour Of Direct Arab-Israel Talks

## Has Reservations on U.S. Refugee Stand

By ERWIN FRENKEL, POST Diplomatic Reporter  
Sharp opposition to the U.S. stand at the U.N. debate on the Arab refugees showed through the politely guarded words of Senator Kenneth Keating at a press conference here yesterday in Jerusalem.

The New York Republican said that he favoured direct negotiations between the Arabs and Israel, and noted that the 16-nation resolution which the U.S. had opposed at the U.N. on Tuesday was virtually the same resolution which the U.S. had supported in Washington.

Mr. Keating, who moved heaven and earth to adopt the U.N. stand at the U.N. on Tuesday, said that the U.S. had been "very much" in the lead in the negotiations.

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## 'Yossele' Picture 'Cax Wound Up'

## Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Mr. Reuven Tannebaum, father of the 15-year-old boy who served as "model" for a picture purporting to be Yossele Schumacher's, told the Jerusalem Post last September, allegedly confessed to police on Tuesday that he was the sender.

Police claim that he also wrote the message on the back of the photo. He will be charged with causing mental anguish to Mrs. E. Schumacher, the mother of the missing 11-year-old boy.

Police also followed the Post's discovery of last Tuesday of the "model," a spokesman said.

Yesterday Mr. Tannebaum, 41, a teacher at a Natanya school, told the Post that he wanted to apologize to Mrs. Schumacher if the photograph or the message caused her suffering. He added, however, "She ought to show some sense and free her grandfather from prison."

"I myself am a 'Yossele' My irreligious parents did not give me a proper education and I was brought up in a bad environment. I feel this was my fault and I am sorry."

The reporter was invited to ask Mr. Tannebaum's four-year-old son, "Yossele" (the answer was: "Because he was made to eat pork at home").

The appellants are represented by Messrs. Hanna Nakara, of Haifa, and F. Hershberg, of Jerusalem. The man, and Ya'acov Yeridor, of Tel Aviv.

Judge Haiby had earlier asked the police to produce the bodies of the two boys, but they had declined to do so, claiming they were still preparing documents bearing on the case.

The appellants are represented by Messrs. Hanna Nakara, of Haifa, and F. Hershberg, of Jerusalem. The man, and Ya'acov Yeridor, of Tel Aviv.

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## Police Told to Produce File On Death of 5 Arab Youths

## Hishadru's Arab Dep't To Be Decentralized

ASHKELON. The Ashkelon police were yesterday ordered by Southern District Magistrate's Court Judge Aharon Haiby to produce the file of their investigation into the death of the three young Arabs shot by a border patrol as they tried to cross into the Gaza Strip on September 17.

The names of the three dead are: George Shamir, 17, Badon, and Raymond Maroun. Judge Haiby is sitting at the Ashkelon Magistrate's Court at the request of the three parents of the dead men. The inquiry amounts to a Coroner's inquest under British law, the office of coroner having been abolished here in 1958.

Judge Haiby also ordered the Abu Kabir Institute for Forensic Medicine to produce all its documents pertaining to the post mortem examination.

The dossier and the documents must be produced and all parties must appear in court for interrogation on January 14.

Refuses Exhumation At the same time Judge Haiby rejected a request by the petitioners to exonerate the bodies of the three boys and submitted anew to post mortem examination. It has been alleged, contrary to the earlier report of the Institute, that the bodies were mutilated.

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## High School Strike Again Threatens

## Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The Secondary School Teachers Association yesterday empowered its Executive "to take all necessary steps" — not excluding a strike — if the promise given them by the Ministry of Education regarding increased wages and better work conditions is not carried out by January.

The Association also requested their Executive to remind the Treasury that the fifth advance on account of the increased wages is to be paid together with their December salaries.

A meeting between Association representatives and Ministry of Finance and Education officials will be held in Jerusalem today.

Negotiations on elementary school teachers' wages continued yesterday at a meeting between the Directors-General of the Education and Finance Ministries, Drs. H. Rimon and Y. Arnon. A Teaching Union delegation headed by Mr. S. Levin and senior Education Ministry officials.

The talks will be continued soon, probably at the end of the week, the Education Ministry spokesman said.

Eban Says Teachers Broke Their Word

Although the Teachers Union last April signed an undertaking to accept the recommendations of the Horowitz Committee, it has now gone back on its word, Education Minister Abba Eban said in the Knesset yesterday.

He was replying to motions for the agenda by Mr. Eliaz Meridor (Herut) and Mr. Moshe Kol (Liberals) calling for a debate on the threat of a strike by elementary school teachers. The motions were referred to the Education Committee, at the Minister's suggestion over the opposition of Mapam and Communists.

Mr. Eban said he could not believe that the Union would actually call the teachers out on strike if they did it would be the last justified strike in history.

Miss Wilenski moved the rejection of the motions, on the grounds that they contained the implication that the teachers had no right to strike.

I.E.C. Workers Council Meets

TEL AVIV. — The New Israel Electric Corporation's Employees Council met yesterday for the first time at Shafayim yesterday and appointed a special committee to examine worker-management cooperation within the company.

The committee has been given a month to complete its examination.

The 60-member Council accepted the resignation of Eliezer Shapira, who was defeated in the recent workers' poll from the Council and from his membership in the Management, on behalf of the workers.

'Beersheba Culture' Village Being Excavated Near Urim

Between 5,000 and 5,500 Years Old

By H. BEN-ADI  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA. — Remains of "Beersheba Culture" settlements, dating to the second half of the fourth millennium B.C.E., are now being excavated near kibbutz Urim on the southern bank of Nahal Be'er, believed to be the head of the French Archaeological Mission in Israel.

The settlements discovered are all above ground, as compared to the contemporary underground dwellings dug into Beersheba and reinforced with stone walls. This may indicate that the Urim group led a more nomadic life than their Beersheba neighbours. But like them, M. Perrot stated they worked the land and domesticated animals.

The settlements included in this category range from the Negev through the coastal plain and up to the Carmel. But the centre seems to have been in Beersheba, hence the name introduced by M. Perrot following his Beersheba excavations.

The dig at Urim began two weeks ago and will continue until mid-January.

Apart from sherds, finds so far include the skeletons of a female child and a dog, buried quite close together—possibly indicating that the dog was killed as a sacrifice; flint tools of excellent workmanship and bone implements; and a 2 by 1 cm. clay figurine of a dog on a sheep.

Volunteer workers on the dig include members of kibbutz Urim students from the Beersheba area.

Fires and casualties will be simulated today in civil defence (Haga) exercises in Natanya. Sirens will also be tested.

PREPAREDNESS CALL-UPS

TEL AVIV. — Sudden call-ups can be expected in the coming days in all parts of the country as part of the Defence Forces preparedness training next week. The Jerusalem Post has learned.

Chief Accountant (DIPLOMAED) Expert in Finance and Income Tax. Command of Hebrew, English and French. SEEKS SUITABLE POSITION. Write: A.P. P.O.B. 1876, Tel Aviv.

Have tried them all. But truly delicious Hungarian and European food is to be had only at the Hungarian Restaurant. 18 Rehovot Altiman, Tel Aviv. Weddings, Bar Mitzvahs. Strictly Kosher.

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## GOLF

## KING SIZE CIGARETTES-DOUBLE FILTER

## U.S. Farm Surplus Imports Slows Inflationary Process Here

Jerusalem Post Economic Reporter

The \$152m. worth of farm products which Israel imported from the U.S. under the latter's agricultural surplus programme during the six years 1955-60 had a deflationary effect on the Israeli economy.

This is the gist of a report by Dr. Fanya Glinor, Economic Adviser to the Bank of Israel, issued by the Bank yesterday.

The products were sold here for pounds, of which IL180m. were invested in development programmes. During the period reviewed, temporary employment was given to 4,500 persons on the construction or expansion of factories, irrigation installations, etc. Permanent jobs were created for 7,317 persons in the new and expanded enterprises.

Held Prices Down Prices rose by only 28 per cent instead of the anticipated 40 per cent had there been no programme, because the suppliers of the imported products did not have to be paid during the period. The programme increased the capital stock in the country by IL187m. (at 1956 prices), thus raising the annual national output by IL187m. — 60 per cent in industry and power and 25 per cent in agriculture.

Exports resulting from the programme rose from less than one per cent of total exports in 1956 to three per cent in 1960.

The study says that Israel's foreign trade gap can be closed in 10 years, with exports reaching \$1,027m. equal imports on the supposition that the population rises annually by 3.5 per cent and private consumption per person by only 1 per cent, and investment averages IL1,190m. a year up to 1965 and IL1,720m. thereafter. According to this projection, the population by 1970 will be three million.



# SUKARNO'S FINAL COMMAND

Background to Dutch-Indonesian Dispute Over West New Guinea

By DENNIS BLOODWORTH

SINGAPORE.

THE Indonesian claim to West Irian (Western New Guinea) is partly historical and partly based on earlier postwar negotiations with Holland.

Before the Dutch began to colonize the Indies, the 18th century West Irian was the first under the suzerainty of the Javanese Modjopahit Kingdom and later feudatory to the Sultan of Tidore, and both Java and Tidore are today part of the Indonesian Republic. Thereafter West Irian formed part of the Netherlands East Indies, and was administered indirectly by the Dutch Governor-General in Batavia — now Jakarta, the Indonesian capital.

When, therefore, Holland formally agreed in bilateral independence talks with Indonesian nationalist leaders at Lingardjati in 1949 that the future Netherlands East Indies "shall comprise the entire territory of the Netherlands Indies," the Indonesians assumed that this would include West Irian. In 1949 a Charter of Transfer of Sovereignty was drawn up in similar phrasing. But the Hague subsequently insisted that West Irian should be excluded from this accord, and to avoid immediate conflict it was finally laid down that the transfer of sovereignty.

These talks did not, however, in 1952 the Dutch Constitution was amended to establish a new Indonesian Government under a new constitution, and in 1956 the exasperated Indonesian Government unilaterally abrogated all agreements reached at the Lingardjati conference on Indonesia's independence, held at The Hague in 1949, and repudiated all debts to Holland.

Superficially, the Dutch appeared to have gone back on their word. But it must be remembered that the validity of the original agreement of 1949 was questionable, for it was followed by two armed conflicts between the Indonesians and the Dutch; and that the 1949 stipulation on "the question of the political status of New Guinea" did not necessarily imply that the Dutch should hand West Irian over to Jakarta. Moreover, the Hague could claim that by abrogating the 1949 agreements in 1956 the Indonesians had released the Dutch from earlier obligations.

**Anti-Dutch Moves**  
Prior to President Sukarno's "final command" for "liberation," the Indonesians used every means at their disposal to wrest West Irian from the Dutch. Dutch property in the republic was expropriated, the Dutch were expelled from Indonesia, and Jakarta not only severed diplomatic relations with Holland, but refused to allow any other power to represent Dutch interests in their country. Jakarta also tried to bring the Indonesian claim to West Irian before the U.N. at least twice, but failed to obtain the neces-

sary majority. At the Bandung Conference in 1955 the Indonesians won the sympathy of 29 Afro-Asian nations, and later built up support for their cause among the growing number of uncommitted States in the U.N.

The Dutch quietly pursued a policy of developing the territory and preparing its people for self-determination. They began to educate a small administrative elite. Last April they set up a partially-elected New Guinea Council, and they are carrying out a 10-year development plan.

At first glance, right would seem to be on the side of The Hague, particularly as this wild and backward territory is mainly populated by some 750,000 primitive Papuans, who are as ethnically distinct from Indonesians as they are from the Dutch. Yet Britain would send a diplomatic representative to the opening of the Dutch-sponsored New Guinea Council. The British Government categorically denied a report that Britain would give to Holland's aid if the Indonesians invaded West Irian.

Only the Australians, suspicious of Socialist Indonesia, have supported Holland's policy, and in con-



President Sukarno of Indonesia

sequence Canberra was in danger of being isolated over the question. Australia's Eastern New Guinea, which at its nearest point is less than 200 miles away from Queensland.

**Averting Explosion**  
The overriding motive of interested Western Powers was to avert an explosion in the Far East which the Communist bloc could exploit. But, in fact, Indonesia's excuses for what appeared an almost colonialist desire to annex West Irian could not be ignored. The starting point of Jakarta's attack was that, *de jure*, it had not been a part of

Indonesia since the republic was proclaimed in 1945. The Dutch were "aggressors" simply by virtue of their occupation of the territory. Indonesian leaders dismiss the argument that the great majority of the population was not in fact Indonesian, pointing out that there was no such thing as an ethnic frontier, and that already in Indonesia proper there were large minorities like the Dyaks in Borneo who were not related to the Javanese or Sumatrans.

The Indonesians also said that West Irian, a backward, undeveloped land of few accessible natural resources, could not possibly stand alone and the only possible solution would be for West Irian to become part of the great Indonesian Republic with its rich potential in natural resources and its developing industries.

But now Jakarta is in a bind. Holland has offered to submit West Irian to the control of the world body, so that ultimately its people can choose what they want for themselves. If it is so obvious that West Irian must join Indonesia, Jakarta should have complete confidence in a formula which will eliminate the Dutch and lead to a popular plebiscite on the territory's future.

## Neutrality Attracts Burmese Youth

But Majority of Students are Indifferent to Politics

By NAHUM PUNDIK

RANGOON.

THOSE students at Rangoon University who are pro-Communist are largely pro-Communist, and anti-Government. To find out about their attitude to Israel, we talked to several student leaders at the student organization's library on the campus.

Here, the decorations on the walls—slogans from the Soviet Union and People's China—most of them take the form of a student's political orientation. So did the books on the shelves. Spengler's "Decline of the West" stood next to books on the Russian and Chinese Revolutions. There was not a stitch of information about social progress in Israel, in which Burma's leading politicians take so much interest.

The students were not keen to discuss politics. Communism is banned in Burma, although Marxism is legal and three Communist-dominated parties function under the broader Marxist label. At the 1956 elections these parties polled 1,400,000 votes, and the 1,700,000 votes of the Socialist AFPEL which is headed by U Nu and U Ba Saw.

**Communist Influence**  
Although the students will not admit it, they are considered to be under strong Communist influence. The Burmese Federation of Students, which comprises about 100,000 university and high-school students, is affiliated to the International Students Union, with headquarters in Prague and its President, Ko Khin Maung Qhin, has just

returned from a trip to Moscow. It is considered the strongest Communist front organization in Burma today, and its nuisance value is not small. The expulsion of a student who had failed examinations four times, for instance, sparked off anti-Government demonstrations.

But most of the students take no interest in politics. Neither, unfortunately, do most of them take the studies seriously, although the majority get government subsidies which enable them to live on campus with full room, board and tuition for the equivalent of \$15 a month.

Notwithstanding this, one must not ignore the fact that the students at Rangoon and Mandalay provide the reservoir of manpower from which the coming generation of Burma's political, trade union and technical leaders will emerge. The fact that these young men and women are being infected with propaganda representing Israel as an instrument of neocolonialism and serving Western interests should be compensated by responsible Israeli

agencies by the simple expedient of acquainting them with the facts. The students at the University of Rangoon, I spoke to on campus said that they would welcome contact with their Israeli counterparts and invitations to Israel.

**Attracted by Neutrality**

While the calling of the demonstration to mark the anniversary of the death of a student killed by the British 23 years ago at a time that coincided with the award of an honorary doctorate to Mr. Ben-Gurion at the University of Rangoon was no more than a coincidence, it may serve as a warning. While the vast majority of Burma's students are indifferent to politics, they are attracted by neutrality and anti-imperialist slogans and anti-Israel propaganda may fall on fertile ground. They are precisely because their own Government, which so many of them oppose, is tightening its ties with Israel. And the students in Israel, in turn, are words 23 years ago may become the leaders of tomorrow.

## SHEEP IN WOLF'S CLOTHING



By arrangement with "Ma'ariv"

YESTERDAY'S PRESS:

## INDIA AND GOA

Davar (Histadrut) after criticizing Portuguese colonial policies, writes: "There is a great difference between recognizing that Portugal is wrong and justifying India's conduct... The use of force is unjustified unless a country is acting in self-defence."

Hatsoke (National Religious) says we do not deny that India has the right to demand that Portugal evacuate her possessions in India, but India's conduct is "unjustifiable." After recalling India's criticism of the Sinal Campaign, when Israel acted to defend herself, the paper adds: "India's criticism five years ago seems ridiculous in view of her conduct this week."

Al Hanishmar (Mapam) states that what blocked China's admission to the U.N. was almost certainly the U.S. veto. The paper adds: "Israel's support for the Chinese resolution calling for Chinese admission to the U.N. does not make up for the regrettable fact that Israel was among the countries which, in fact, opposed a change in the status quo."

Haboker (Liberal), commenting on the statement about the work of Israel's Ministry of Agriculture, writes: "The technicians and the few diplomats in Africa do not feel that they have been entrusted with a political mission, but that they have landed a good job, and this is bad. If Mr. Dayan came to this conclusion, and he is, it is necessary not only to accept his views, but also to see to it that the problem is solved."

Herut commends the Knesset's decision to recommend that service in the Irgun and Lehi underground movements be taken into consideration in determining pension and severance pay rights of civil servants.

Mr. Menzies failed to appreciate the turn of public opinion, especially in hard-pressed Queensland, against a Government which used a sledgehammer instead of a screwdriver to right an economic machine that was going too fast.

**Sensible Alternative**

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Mr. Menzies could, and did, claim that the Australian employment figure of 23 per cent of the work force was low by British and U.S. standards. That is the rational approach, but at an election a country that has enjoyed overfull employment for ten years and then confronted with unemployment does not think or act rationally but emotionally.

Mr. Calwell gauged public opinion more accurately. Since he took over the party leadership from Dr. E. E. Evans 18 months ago, he has worked patiently to reduce the influence of the breakaway pro-Roman Catholic Democratic Labour Party. He appears to have succeeded reasonably well except in Victoria, where DLP candidates, although failing to win a seat themselves, split the traditionally Labour vote and prevented Calwell from making any headway against Menzies. But for the DLP vote, Calwell would have won at least six more seats in Victoria, giving Labour a clear majority in the new Parliament.

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# Upheaval in Australia

Labour Party's Big Poll was Warning to Menzies

By WILLIAM FITTER

SYDNEY.

IN the biggest political upset in Australia's history, the Liberal-Country Party coalition Government, and Mr. Arthur Calwell's Labour opposition — won 60 seats in the House of Representatives. The two doubtful seats have gone to Menzies's supporters, and the Government will survive with a bare majority of one, following the appointment of the Speaker.

Before the poll Mr. Menzies had a record majority of 32:77 seats to Labour's 45. He confidently expected to be returned with the loss of no more than five seats. Mr. Calwell, in his most optimistic moments, never expected to increase Labour's strength by more than seven seats.

Has Australia turned markedly left? Is it on the eve of sweeping changes in domestic and foreign policy? The answer to these and similar questions is more hazy than dramatic.

The election was fought largely on local issues, chief of which was the dampening down of business activity, with consequent unemployment, brought about by the Government's 1960 credit squeeze. The Government acted because it feared inflationary trends were building up toward an economic boom and budget surpluses were running down, "fringe" banking organizations were raising money at abnormally high interest rates and re-lending it at even more ridiculously high rates. The dampening down process hurt legitimate business interests as well as mere speculators.

An example is the motor trade. Geared to meet an expanding market, manufacturers and traders suddenly found orders cut to ribbons. Unemployment rose from around 40,000 to over 100,000.

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gains tax. In foreign policy, dealings with Britain over Common Market problems and in defence a Labour Government would not differ markedly from the Menzies Government. Labour would be a little more forthright in foreign affairs; it would press for recognition of Communist China, not because it likes Communists, but because Australia, especially with Common Market problems looming, needs China as an outlet for its wheat, butter, wool and other farm products. Labour would not reduce the 1950m. a year Australia allocates to defence but would spend it differently.

Liberal leaders believe that thousands of Australians last Saturday voted against the Government as a warning protest, hoping merely to reduce, not to end, Menzies's huge majority. They are confident that next time these supporters will swing back to the Liberal fold, chastened by the knowledge that their "corrective" votes, destined only to sour Menzies on to more positive steps to arrest an economic drift nearly landed them with Calwell as Prime Minister. (OFNS)

## Germany and Eichmann

Press Comment Shows Relief at End of Trial

By RAWLEY KNOX

BONN (OFNS).

RELIEF reaction here to the end of the Eichmann trial. The dominant Jewish youth, to whom the last war was still a haze of what their elders had been through and why Israel as an independent state was essential to World Jewry. The Jews wanted to remember. The Germans don't. In their schools the German teachers children a proper disrespect for Hitler. "Everyone knows," begins the chapter on the Third Reich in the history books officially approved for junior schools, "that Hitler dragged Germany into the most terrible catastrophe of her history, initiated ghastly crimes, and severely incriminated German honour and prestige in the eyes of the world." But after that there is no comment, nor is comment needed.

Eichmann is dead, seems to be the motto today, and with him — Germany hopes — the reproaches of the world about Nazism. Long live a new and very different Germany. Practically every German I have talked to or read respects the method and manner of the trial in Jerusalem. And it is interesting that today's papers, on the whole, give even more coverage to reviews of the trial than to the trial itself. "Judgment at Nuremberg," which had its world premiere in Berlin last Thursday night, than they do to the verdict on Eichmann. "Judgment at Nuremberg" is a savage denunciation of the German judges who resisted the law to serve Hitler's purposes.

**Legalistic Niggling**  
This, with reservations, seems also to be the official line, though there is still some legalistic niggling as to whether the Israelis had the right to hold the trial at all, and then to pass a death sentence (which would not be possible in Eichmann's own country). The Bonn Government, it appears, would willingly waive the law in this case. Dr. Eugen Gerstenmaier, President of the Bundestag, has said that in Israel, where the death sentence is permissible, there could have been no other verdict. The Government spokesman, more loftily, said that the verdict had "come as no surprise."

Comment on the Eichmann verdict in today's papers comes noticeably from the Independents and the Left-wingers. Journals frankly supporting Dr. Adenauer's Christian Democratic Union content themselves with straight reporting. "Mittag," which is independent with some firm Ruber industrialist backing, takes Eichmann out of the past into the present. "Without national socialism, the Communists would not stand on the Elbe. Berlin would not be an island in a Red Sea. Soviet Russia would not have become a world power, and East Europe would not have been in the hands of the Communists."

It has blinded people all the same, and for that it would be very hard to blame

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## Final results of "BARICAL'S" REDUCING PROGRAMME

The final findings of the medical examinations of the lady participants in the Barical Slimming Programme have just reached us. The participants stayed at the Arcadia Hotel from December 22, 1961 till November 29, 1961. During this time they kept to a Barical diet and were under regular medical supervision.

It is noteworthy that the programme's success exceeded all expectations.

**LOSS OF WEIGHT**

All the participants were weighed at the beginning of the programme and immediately upon its termination. Loss of weight during the week of the programme ranged from 2 to 4.5 kg. There were no instances of weight gained.

**HERE ARE THE PARTICULARS:**

Participant	Weight at Beginning of Programme	Weight at Termination of Programme	Loss of Weight
P.R.	81 kg.	77 kg.	4 kg.
L.R.	74 "	70.5 "	3.5 "
L.B.	66 "	61.5 "	4.5 "
A.H.	89 "	86 "	3 "
F.M.	77 "	76 "	1 "
A.S.	71.5 "	68 "	3.5 "
H.M.	63 "	60 "	3 "
K.G.	86 "	84.5 "	1.5 "
R.W.	60.5 "	60.5 "	0 "
S.M.	64.5 "	61.5 "	3 "
S.R.	60.5 "	58.5 "	2 "
S.N.	78 "	78 "	0 "

**QUANTITY OF CHOLESTEROL IN BLOOD**

The quantity of cholesterol in the blood of each of the participants was checked at the beginning of the programme and immediately upon its termination. Approximately 80% of the cases registered declines, ranging from 15 to 35 mg. of the quantity of cholesterol in the blood.

**GENERAL WELL-BEING**

During the week of the programme the participants did not complain of hunger or of other ill-effects. In meetings representatives of the press and radio, consumers' and women's associations, the participants stressed the fact that during the week of dieting they felt wonderfully well, suffered no loss of energy due to the diminished number of calories they consumed, nor had they suffered the pangs of hunger and accompanying ill-effects which they had experienced in their attempts at ordinary dieting.

**CONCLUSIONS:**

Barical is a dietetic food which has proved in scientific experiment that it reduces weight without hunger, while maintaining energy and vitality. It has also been proven that the Barical diet can bring about a decrease of cholesterol content in the blood. This is induced by reducing the number of calories and as a result of Barical's special composition in which fat content is primarily non-saturated acids.

## KEEPING POSTED

THERE is a large Yemenite community in Natanya, most of whom are active members of the Histadrut, but at the same time religious and preoccupied with religious affairs. In the new Histadrut premises, there is a new synagogue, which was added, mainly for the benefit of these members, who then found it easier to carry out their civic functions if they did not have to go so far afterwards to pray. The synagogue is small, but quite handsomely appointed and well lit. As it is not an

visit to Rangoon in Burmese papers. The clipping we like best shows Mr. Ben-Gurion at the Histadrut, wearing a beard, with his hand raised in a characteristic pose, and discussing with U Nu a garden party, leaving death. He is dressed in European garments, which on him look like a hospital night-shirt, and white yarmulke, and he is surrounded by a group of people, some of whom are found to be "vickard."

WE have the following pre-Christmas note from an acquaintance in England, who has been saving up for some special occasion a bottle of our wine ever since he

most of the other pictures show Mr. Ben-Gurion in his usual open-necked shirt, worn also by his son, Nitzan Amos Ben-Gurion, and Mr. Yitzhak Navon, his political secretary. The only one who is always formally dressed is Mr. Ben-Horin, Israel's Ambassador to Burma. His prime minister was visiting the country in which he is stationed; the most formal occasion there can be for an ambassador. How could he come in an open collar?

THE final item that struck us came from Mr. Lyle Yone, writing in the "New Republic Daily," whose unfavourable comparison of the appearance of